SENATE BILL No. 192

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 31-20-2; IC 35-46-5-3.

Synopsis: Adoption of abandoned embryo. Allows an abandoned embryo to be adopted for implantation by another individual under specified circumstances. States that a person who knowingly or intentionally destroys or discards an abandoned human embryo commits unlawful destruction of an embryo, a Class A misdemeanor.

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Effective: July 1, 2009.

Miller

January 7, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.

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First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 192

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning health.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

4	Chapter 2. Abandoned Human Embryos
3	1, 2009]:
2	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
1	SECTION 1. IC 31-20-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS

- Sec. 1. For purposes of this chapter, a human embryo that:
- (1) is the result of in vitro fertilization or artificial reproduction; and
- (2) is preserved or stored by a health care provider for at least five (5) years without:
 - (A) a written or an oral communication by the biological parents concerning the disposition of the human embryo;
 - (B) the health care provider being able to contact the biological parents, after diligent effort, at the last known address and telephone number of the biological parents;
- is considered to have been abandoned by the biological parents, and the human embryo may be adopted for implantation by



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1	another individual.
2	Sec. 2. (a) Both biological parents may consent at any time to
3	allow the human embryo of the biological parents to be adopted for
4	implantation by another individual.
5	(b) If one (1) of the biological parents is:
6	(1) unknown because the known biological parent used an
7	anonymous donation resulting in the human embryo;
8	(2) deceased; or
9	(3) incompetent;
10	the consent of the one (1) known biological parent is sufficient to
11	allow the human embryo to be adopted for implantation by
12	another individual.
13	Sec. 3. Once an individual adopts an abandoned human embryo,
14	that individual is the parent of the human embryo and any
15	resulting child for all purposes.
16	Sec. 4. A person who knowingly or intentionally destroys or
17	otherwise disposes of an abandoned human embryo, as described
18	in section 1 of this chapter, commits unlawful destruction of an
19	embryo, a Class A misdemeanor.
20	SECTION 2. IC 35-46-5-3, AS ADDED BY P.L.126-2005,
21	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in IC 31-20-2, a person
23	who knowingly or intentionally purchases or sells a human ovum,
24	zygote, embryo, or fetus commits unlawful transfer of a human
25	organism, a Class C felony.
26	(b) This section does not apply to the following:
27	(1) The transfer to or receipt by a woman donor of an ovum of an
28	amount for:
29	(A) earnings lost due to absence from employment;
30	(B) travel expenses;
31	(C) hospital expenses;
32	(D) medical expenses; and
33	(E) recovery time in an amount not to exceed three thousand
34	dollars (\$3,000);
35	concerning a treatment or procedure to enhance human
36	reproductive capability through in vitro fertilization, gamete
37	intrafallopian transfer, or zygote intrafallopian transfer.
38	(2) The following types of stem cell research:
39	(A) Adult stem cell.
40	(B) Fetal stem cell, as long as the biological parent has given
41	written consent for the use of the fetal stem cells.

